

Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Update

Infectious Disease Epidemiology and Outbreak Response Bureau

April 28, 2020

The information in this presentation is current as of April 28, 2020, unless otherwise noted, and subject to change.



Epi Summary

Monique Duwell, MD, MPH Chief, Center for Infectious Disease Surveillance and Outbreak Response



Worldwide: COVID-19

Cases

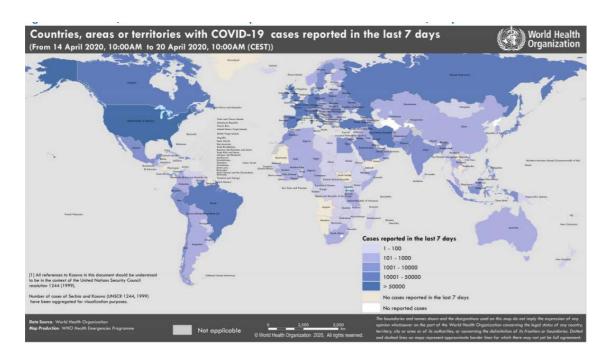
• Total: 2, 878,196

• Past 24 hrs: 85,530

Deaths

• Total: 198,668

• Past 24 hrs: 4982



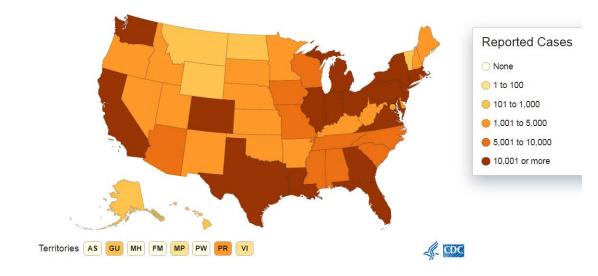
Data current as of April 27, 2020



U.S.: COVID-19

• Cases: 957,875

• Deaths: 53,922



Data current as of April 26, 2020



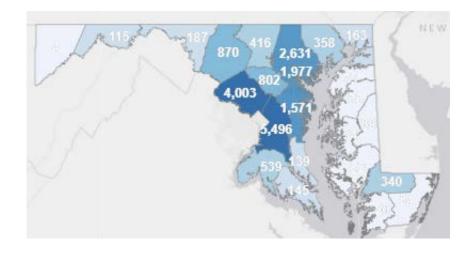
Maryland: COVID-19

Confirmed cases 20,113

Negative test results 87,672

Confirmed deaths 929

Ever hospitalized 4,268





Surveillance Reminders

- Reporting source: Always fill out the Reporting Source in investigations. This is especially important when there is no ELR associated with the investigation.
- Out of state residents: If you discover a patient is not a MD resident, change the case status to "Not a Case" so they will not be counted as a Maryland case.
- Jurisdiction: Check REDCap to identify jurisdiction changes that are needed. Send any discrepancies to mdh.didsurveillance@maryland.gov



Surveillance Reminders, cont.

Duplicates

- Run the COVID investigations report in NEDSS to check for duplicates. If a duplicate is identified, mark one of the investigations as "Not a Case" and the other as "Confirmed".
- There should only be 1 investigation per case.

Confirmed Cases

- The only type of lab confirmed evidence that should be used to create confirmed cases is detection of SARS-CoV-2 RNA in a clinical specimen using a molecular amplification detection test
- Confirmed cases should **not** be created based on rapid tests or antibody tests.

Exclusion for HCP with potential exposure to COVID-19

- 14 day exclusion is NOT mandatory.
- In most cases, exposed workers can continue to work so long as they regularly monitor themselves for fever and symptoms of COVID-19, use facemasks or cloth face coverings for source control, and not report to work when ill.



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COVID-19 Specimen Collection Refresher

Liore Klein, MSPH

April 28, 2020

Step One

MDH Paper Requisition Forms

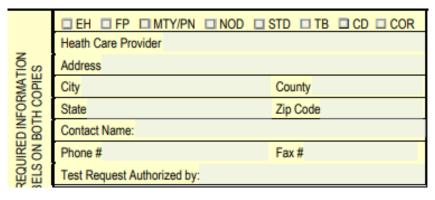


Required Elements

- Submitter information
- Ordering provider
- Patient demographics
- Collection date
- Test type
- Specimen Source



Submitter Information

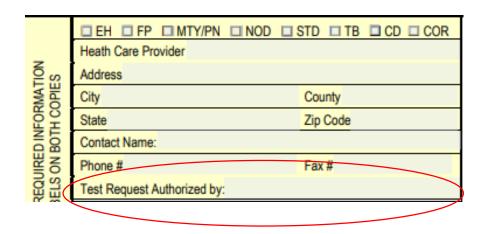


- Health Care Provider: Collection facility or local health department
 - When in doubt, use the collection facility.
 - Facility address, point of contact, phone and fax are all required

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 Submitting facility = where results are returned to

Ordering Provider

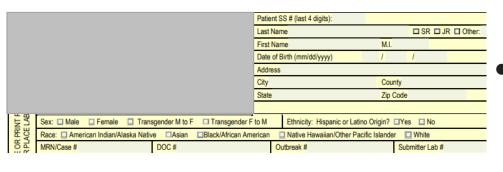


- Who can be an ordering provider?
 - Local health department submitters: use LHD-designated provider
 - Facility submitters: facility can either use patient's assigned health care provider or use facility medical director (with their consent)

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Patient Demographics



- Minimum required elements:
 - Patient Name
 - Patient Date of Birth
- Strongly encouraged:
 - Sex
 - Race/Ethnicity
- Outbreak number:
 - Mandatory if LHD is submitter
 - Helps distinguish facilities
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Test Type and Specimen Source

OTHER TESTS FOR INFECTIOUS AGENTS Test Name: Prior arrangements have been made with the following MDH Labs Administration employee: SPECIMEN SOURCE CODES PLACE CODE IN BOX NEXT TO TEST Blood Sputum **Bronchial Washing** Throat Cerebrospinal Fluid Urethra Cervix/Endocervix Urine (1st Void) Urine (Clean Catch) Feces Vagina Nasopharynx/Nasal Wound Other:

- Test Name: COVID-19
- Specimen Source:
 - Nasopharyngeal (N)
 - Oralpharyngeal/throat (T)
 - Nasal (N) but also specify
- Testing Priority:
 - If collected outside an outbreak, list A, B, C, or D.



Step Two

Packaging COVID-19 Specimens



Specimen Tube Requirements

- All specimens must be labeled with the following:
 - Name
 - Date of Birth
 - Collection Date
- These identifiers MUST match the accompanying lab slip.
- Unlabeled tubes are automatically rejected, regardless of whether or not a lab slip is included.



Preventing Specimen Rejections



- Common rejections:
 - Unlabeled tube
 - Leaked in transit

 To avoid leaks, make sure to break the swab low enough to tightly seal the tube.



Specimen Packing: Lab Slips





- Place lab slips in external pocket of biohazard bag
 - DO NOT place lab slip in main compartment with specimens.



Correct Example





Specimens must be delivered with cold packs.





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Using your courier's coolers and cold packs is acceptable. Please do not send specimens in shipping envelopes.

Additional Considerations

- Paperwork errors are the most significant reason for delayed results.
- Existing fillable form and Lab-Web Portal can reduce paperwork errors.



Preparedness and Response

Kristin Dietz, MS Chief, Local Health and Health Planning Office of Preparedness and Response



Question?



Daily Outbreak Reporting

Jordan R. Cahoon, MPH Division of Outbreak Investigation



Why do we ask you to report?-

Rapidly Changing Numbers

- Situations in facilities can change (and deteriorate) rapidly.
- Allows facilities, LHDs and MDH to monitor:
 - Number of ills, cases, pending tests and deaths in close to real time

Situational Awareness

- Local and state public health, government, and other partners
- Numbers from outbreaks are aggregated
- Understand picture locally and state-wide



What do we ask you to report?

Facility Information (One Time)

- Name, address, phone number
- Type of facility
- Contact person
- First onset
- Counts:
 - Number of total residents
 - Number of total staff

Daily Outbreak Reporting

- New & Totals, by residents & staff:
 - Number of ills
 - Number of positive cases*
 - Number of negative cases
 - Number of pending tests
 - Number of hospitalized positive cases
 - Number of ICU admitted positive cases
 - Number of deceased positive cases*
 - Names and DOBs of deceased cases*
 - Line list



COUNTY	INVESTIGATOR	REPORTED DATE	OUTBREAK NUMBER	MDH INVESTIGATOR
FACILITY NAME		FACILITY ADDRESS		
EACH ITY BUONE	EACH ITY CONTACT	FACULTY CONTACT BUONS	TYPE OF FACILITY	
FACILITY PHONE	FACILITY CONTACT	FACILITY CONTACT PHONE	TYPE OF FACILITY Assisted Liv	_
			☐ Hospital	☐ Other:
DATE OF REPORT	NUMBER OF RESIDENTS	NUMBER OF STAFF	FIRST ONSET DATE	MOST RECENT ONSET DATE



		RESIDENTS	STAFF	TOTALS
ADDED TODAY:	ILLS			
	COVID POSITIVE TESTS			
	COVID NEGATIVE TESTS			
	PENDING TESTS			
	ILLS			
	COVID POSITIVE TESTS			
	COVID NEGATIVE TESTS			
	COVID PENDING TESTS			
TOTALS:	COVID POSITIVE CASES HOSPITALIZED			
	COVID POSITIVE CASES IN ICU			
	COVID POSITIVE CASES DECEASED			

ILL= Positive + Negative + Pending + Symptomatic but not tested
"TESTS" = "CASES"



Line List for Residents/Patients +=Positive, NT=Not Tested, N=Negative, P=Pending														ing															
Name	Age	Sex	Room No. or Shift* & Unit*	Date of Onset	Duration of Illness	Fever (Record highest temp.)	Cough	Sore Throat	Runny Nose	Congestion - Nasal	ו מו	<u>ا چ</u> ا	Muscle Aches	Vomiting	Diarrhea	Pneumonia	X-ray Results (if taken)	Hospitalized	ICU	Death (Date)	Influenza PCR	Influenza Rapid Antigen	Bacterial sputum culture	<i>Legionella</i> urine antigen	Strep pneumo	Respiratory panel	COVID 19	Date of COVID 19 test	
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Maryland Department of Health Prevention and Health Promotion Administration

https://phpa.health.maryland.gov





Child Care Guidance Update – April 28, 2020

Cheryl De Pinto, MD, MPH
Jamie Perry, MD, MPH

Child Care Program Closure - Summary

A child care program should close if:

- There is a LABORATORY CONFIRMED COVID-19 CASE or PROBABLE CASE*; AND
- The person who is the case or probable case was present in the child care program building within 48 hrs. prior to developing COVID-19 symptoms; AND
- The person who is the case or probable case had <u>close</u>, <u>prolonged</u> <u>contact</u>, as defined by the CDC, with center staff and/or children

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^{*}Probable Case is defined as a child care staff member, child, or another person with symptoms of COVID-19 regardless of whether they are tested or when test results are not known

Closure Considerations – Outbreak Definition

- Closure guidance recommends closure for one confirmed or probable COVID-19 case
- Child care programs DO NOT need to meet the definition of an outbreak to close
- Outbreak in child care:
 - Family Child Care Homes: Two or more people (i.e. provider, provider's household or child in care) with signs or symptoms of COVID-19, including at least 1 person with laboratory-confirmed COVID-19, in 14 days
 - Child Care Center:
 - Two or more people (i.e. staff or child) in the same classroom with signs or symptoms of COVID-19, including at least 1 person with laboratory-confirmed COVID-19, in 14 days OR
 - Three or more people (i.e. staff or child) in the center with signs or symptoms of COVID-19, including at least 1 person with laboratory-confirmed COVID-19, in 14 days

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Closure Considerations – Household Contacts

- Family child care home versus child care center
 - Vast majority of child care programs are "family child care homes"
 - The child care site is the home of the provider who is the primary staff person (although other adult household members may assist)
 - The provider may or may not be caring for his/her own child as part of the program
 - A confirmed or probable case in any of the provider's household members should be considered an exposure risk to the provider and all of the program's children
 - Programs should be closed for confirmed or probable cases in any household member of the provider



Closure Considerations – Exposure Risk from Parents

- Both family child care homes and child care centers are taking measures to limit exposures from parents and other adults, for example:
 - Parents may complete drop off/pick procedures at the door and not enter the child care program at all
 - Parents may be confined to the immediate entrance area for drop off/pick up procedures
 - Social distancing and of cloth face coverings are being used during temperature and symptom screening
- It is important that LHDs understand and ask about these measures when assessing exposure risk from a confirmed or probable COVID-19 case in a parent



Closure Considerations – Exposure Risk from Parents (cont'd)

- If the child of the parent with confirmed or probable COVID-19 is asymptomatic AND the LHD determines no close, prolonged contact of the parent with other program staff or children, then the program may remain open
 - The child of the confirmed or probable COVID-19 parent will need to quarantine for a minimum of 14 days AFTER the parents is released from isolation by their health care provider
 - If the child becomes symptomatic within 48 hours of his/her last day in the program (or other children or staff become symptomatic), the program will need to be reassessed for closure



Closure and Re-Opening

- Initial closure should be for 2-5 days while determining long term course which may include closure for 14 days or more
 - LHDs need to give specific guidance around this initial closure, including when they will follow-up with program to give guidance about total closure duration
- If all staff and children remain asymptomatic in the 48 hours after last possible exposure, closure should be for 14 days
 - LHDs should give the provider the date that they can reopen; this should be calculated from the last date of possible exposure
- If the person who is the probable case of COVID-19 is tested, and the result is negative, the program may re-open; the ill person must remain at home until 24 hours after they are fever free without the use of fever reducing medications.

Cloth Face Coverings in Child Care

- MDH/MSDE have developed recommendations based on CDC guidance:
 - Adults should use cloth face coverings throughout the work day while in the child care center or family child care home;
 - Child care staff and parents should use cloth face coverings during drop-off and pick-up and when parents are performing, and staff are observing, temperature checks;
 - Children age 5 years and older should wear a cloth face covering while they
 are in the child care center or family child care home when this can be
 accomplished safely and consistently;
 - Cloth face coverings should NOT be placed on young children under age 2, anyone who has trouble breathing, or is unconscious, incapacitated or otherwise unable to remove the mask without assistance. Maryland

Communication/Concerns about Child Care

- Please direct any concerns about child care adherence to executive orders or other state policies regarding COVID-19 to MSDE rather than law enforcement
 - Contact: Jennifer Nizer, Office of Child Care
 - 410-767-7806 or jennifer.nizer@maryland.gov

